SUSTAINABLE COASTAL CITIES GREEN, RESILIENT AND COMPETITIVE



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

This agreement marks an important milestone in putting our world on an inclusive and sustainable course. If we all work together, we have a chance of meeting citizens' aspirations for peace, prosperity, and wellbeing, and to preserve our planet.







SUSTAINABLE CITIES

GOAL



INCLUSIVE



PLANNING: INTEGRATED AND NATIONAL/REGIONAL



INCLUSIVE URBANIZATION AND POSITIVE ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL LINKS



TARGETS 2030













SUSTAINABLE COASTAL CITIES

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT: Social, economic and environmental development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs (WCED)

COASTAL AREA: interface or transition areas between land and sea, including large inland lakes (FAO); management area from the coastline that extends landward and seaward up to the point where activities impact on land and sea (PEMSEA)

CITIES: political subdivision of at least 100 km2 and a minimum population of 150,000 and a generated income of Php 100,000,000 (Philippine)

Sea Level Rise Extreme & Coastal weather events & Erosion CO2 & Storms



DRR, MITIGATION, ADAPTATION



Sustainable cities

Social development

- Education and health
- Food and nutrition
- Green housing and buildings
- Water and sanitation
- Green public transportation
- Green energy access
- Recreation areas and community support

Economic development

- Green productive growth
 - Creation of decent employment
- Production and distribution of renewable energy
- Technology and innovation (R&D)

Environmental management

- Forest and soil management
- Waste and recycling management
- Energy efficiency
- Water management (including freshwater)
- Air quality conservation
- Adaptation to and mitigation of climate change

Urban governance

- Planning and decentralization
- Reduction of inequities
- Strengthening of civil and political rights
- Support of local, national, regional and global links

Source: UN/DESA, Development Policy and Analysis Division.



SUSTAINABLE COASTAL CITIES





WBG INITIATIVES



PHILIPPINES

 Green buildings and green housing
 Green energy, resource efficiency
 Resilient buildings



IFC's green buildings footprint is world-wide





Green Building

practice of increasing efficiency with which buildings use resources such as energy, water and materials

while also reducing the buildings' impact on human health and the environment





Green Building: A Policy Perspective

PHILIPPINES



- Energy efficiency
- Water efficiency
- Materials and waste
- IEQ
- Sustainable sites

Aims at reducing GHG emission and improving water and energy efficiency



Philippine Green Building Code: June 2015



GB Ordinance: March 2014



Top Energy Saving Measures - for the Philippines

		Office	Hospital	School	Residential	Retail	Hotel
	Window to Wall Ratio	8%	3%	7%	7%	4%	5%
	External Shading	5%	2%	6%	6%	3%	3%
	Glass Performance	4%	2%	6%	6%	2%	2%
	Natural Ventilation	6%	8%	5%	9%	12%	4%
*	Efficient Chillers	32%	32%	39%	45%	28%	24%
	Total Energy Recovery	4%	11%	N/A	N/A	2%	3%
P	Lighting Power Density	8%	6%	13%	4%	23%	7%

Note: This is the percentage reduction on the total building energy consumption



Top Water Saving Measures - for the Philippines

		Office	Hospital	School	Residential	Retail	Hotel
	Grey/Black Water recycling for cooling towers	N/A	39%	N/A	N/A	14%	N/A
	Efficient Washing Machines	N/A	7%	N/A	N/A	N/A	8%
	Low Flow Shower Heads	N/A	7%	N/A	27%	N/A	13%
	Low flush WCs	31%	3%	31%	5%	8%	6%
Tersessing RASIMAN	Rain Water collection for irrigation	9%	1%	8%	2%	1%	2%
P	Low Flow Taps (Kitchen/Bathrooms)	3%	1%	3%	1%	1%	2%
O PARTY	Efficient Dishwashers	N/A	2%	N/A	2%	N/A	2%

Note: This is the percentage reduction on the $\ensuremath{\textit{total}}$ building energy consumption



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TARGETS



POTENTIAL IMPACT (2030)

USD 864 Million	Costs expected to be avoided
1.87 Million Metric tons	Reduction in CO2e emissions
3.9 Million KWH	Energy use avoided





What will it take to transform the building sector?

There is a clear opportunity to engage much more of the market to focus on green buildings.



The mass market needs a simple, quick, and affordable rating system for market transformation.



EDGE Priorities

	Energy		Materials (Embodied Energy)
Aim	Reducing energy use & CO ₂ Emissions - Building Operation	Reducing Water Consumption	Reducing Energy while production of Materials
How?	 Building Envelope Efficient equipment Energy Management Renewable energy 	Water conserving fixturesWater RecyclingControls	 Recycled Materials Reducing the Impact of Material Key Building Elements



EDGE Building types



Module 2 : Edge Certification Process



AN INNOVATION OF

Why EDGE?

Fast – discover the ideal measures for the best return on your investment within minutes.



Simple – beneath the intuitive interface is a powerful engine that understands the climatic conditions of your location and how your building will be used by occupants.



Free – EDGE is available to anyone who registers (only certification carries a cost).



Smart – view capital costs and the payback period for commercial buildings.



GREEN HOUSING & MID-RISE





RETROFIT THROUGH SUSTAINABLE ENERGY FINANCE





Philippines Sustainable Energy Finance (PhilSEF)

Expert financing for sustainable energy and climate solutions

that make business sense

The Sustainable Energy Finance (SEF) program of International Finance Corporation aims at increasing private sector investments in energy efficiency (EE) and renewable energy (RE) projects through building private banks' capacity and confidence to lend to such projects.

SEF Advisory Program



Capacity Building for Fls



Engaging with End-Users, Vendors, Service Providers



Raising Market Awareness

Key Results from 2009 to date (Advisory)

AS Client Banks	4 (3 completed; 1 ongoing)		
Loans	176 projects, USD 846.3 Million		
Value of energy savings for the private sector	USD 461.8 Million		
GHG Emissions Avoided	2 Million tons CO2/ year		
Related Investment	Risk Sharing Facilities for up to USD 168 Million EE/RE portfolio		





Energy Efficiency



Manuela Corporation Starmall Alabang

Jeco Development Corporation Puerto Princesa, Palawan





- HVAC Retrofit
- Savings: Php 3 Million/ month
- Increased foot traffic and higher tenant satisfaction
- EE measures for Sheridan Beach Resort and Convention Center
- Savings: Php 397,440/ month
- Also introduced wind and solar energy
 WORLD BANK GROUP



Energy Efficiency





Glacier Refrigerated Services, Inc.

- Energy Efficient Cold Storage Facility
- Non-ozone depleting system
- Savings: Php 1.08 Million / month





Renewable Energy

San Jose iPower Corporation

Sunwest Water and Electric Co. 2





- 12 MW rice husk-fired power plant
- Collaboration between 26 rice millers
- Power to be sold to the grid
- Improved energy security & addressed waste disposal problem



- 8MW run of river hydroelectric power plant
- Power to be sold to the grid
- Watershed maintenance program





Renewable Energy

Venvi Development Corporation Ilocos Norte

- Biogas system for modern piggery
- Efficient, climate-controlled, tunnel ventilation system for piggery
- Energy generated for own use
- Over Php 19 M value of energy generated

San Carlos Energy, Inc San Carlos City, Negros Oriental

- 22 MW Solar Energy Plant
- Largest energy plant in the country to date
- Provides energy for 80,000 households





RESILIENT BUILDINGS

Dateline: 8 Nov 2013





RESILIENT BUILDINGS





RESILIENT BUILDINGS

Recommendations

1. Revise the NBC 2. Stricter monitoring and inspections 3. Clear accountabilities 4. Automated permitting system and data management 5. Build technical skills and capacity 6.zoning



STRENGTHENING THE NBC





Key Take-away

The "green, resilient and competitive" agenda should always be mainstreamed in all activities to achieved sustainable cities and communities.





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